ON THE UNIVERSALITY OF ADJUNCT ISLANDS:

Savithry Namboodiripad EVIDENCE FROM MALAYALAM **Grant Goodall**

UCSD Linguistics

1a

1b



BACKGROUND

- Malayalam (Dravidian)
- → WH-in situ, but fronting is also possible
- → appears not to observe adjunct islands (Yoshida 2006)
- → adjunct island violations are observed in everyday speech and seem acceptable to native speakers in isolation

MALAYALAM SEEMS TO VIOLATE ADJUNCT ISLAND CONSTRAINTS. HOW IS THIS POSSIBLE?

• Whether adjunct islands result from grammar (a constraint on wh-movement) or processor (difficulty in resolving filler-gap dependency), we expect them to occur in all languages.

METHODS & MATERIALS

- Acceptability task (rating on a 1-7 scale)
- 18 university students from central Kerala, India (12 female)
- 2x2 design: factors are CLAUSE with which the WH-word is associated (matrix or adjunct) and POSITION (fronted or in situ).
- 70 items total (20 experimental, 50 fillers, counterbalanced (Latin square design))
- Every participant saw 5 items from each experimental condition
- Audio stimuli presented in Praat (to avoid effects of diglossia)

'What did Ammu go home after saying yesterday?'

STIMULI

'What did Ammu say after Unni went home?'

MATRIX

amıu unı vıtıile kı poı poı jika inatı ə enta paranatə Ammu [Unni home went.after] ADJ what said

amıu [entə paranaka inatıa] virtiler kı porjatə inale Ammu [what say.after] ADJ home went yesterday

ADJUNCT

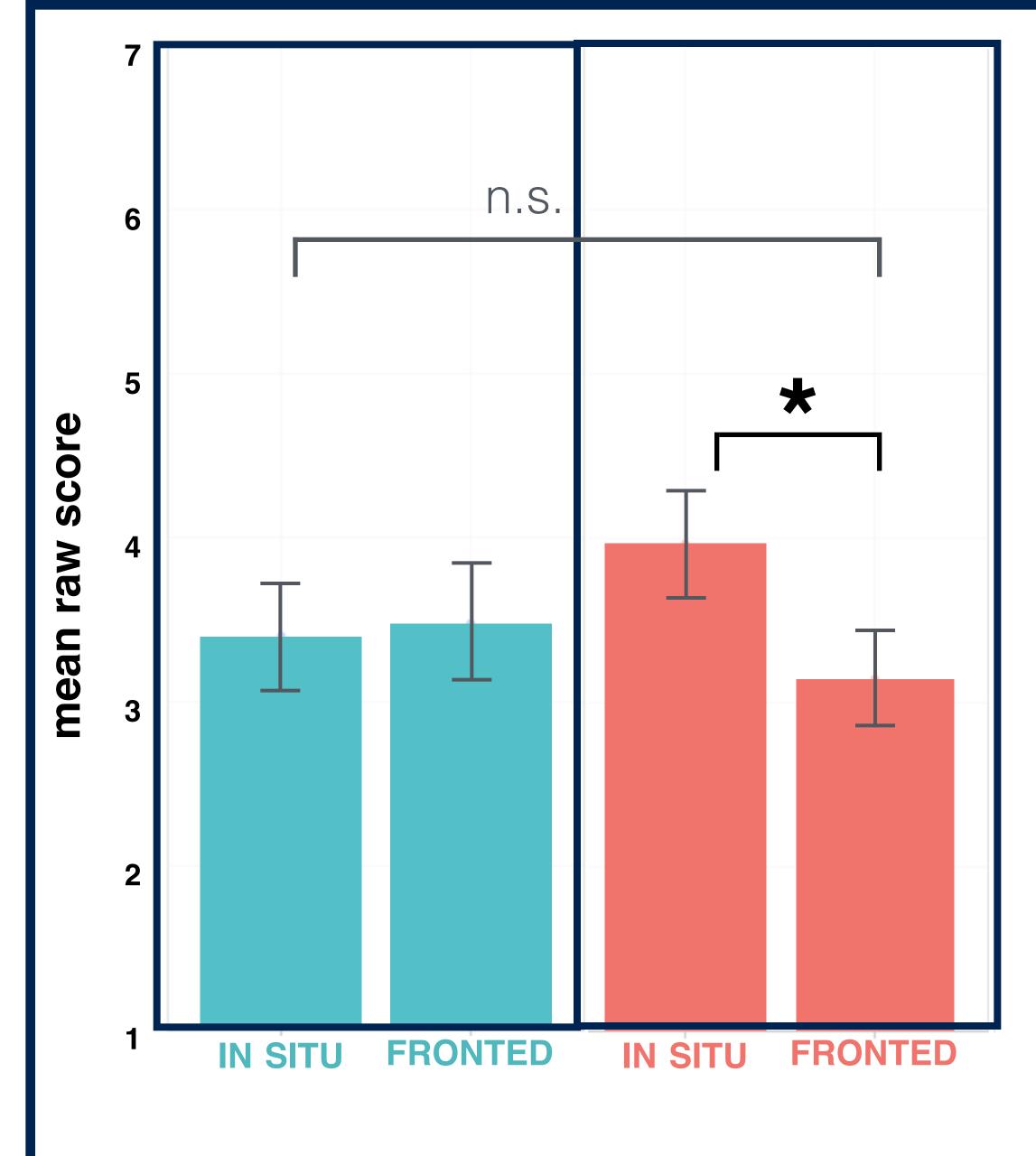
FRONTED

2b

entə amıu [paranaka inatıa] virtiler virtiler porjate in ale what Ammu [____ say.after]_{ADJ} home went yesterday

enta amzu [unzi vztzilezkzie pozjikazinatze] ADJ paranate what Ammu [Unni home went.after] ____ said

RESULTS



There was no significant difference between 2b and the matrix sentences, indicating that island extracted sentences are relatively acceptable.

Responses were transformed to zscores prior to statistical analysis, and the interaction between factors was significant (p=0.0039),indicating an island effect.

MALAYALAM OBEYS ADJUNCT ISLAND CONSTRAINTS, DESPITE INITIAL APPEARANCES.

DISCUSSION

- Highlights the importance of careful formal experimentation to evaluate claims about (non)universality.
- In line with other experimental work showing that island violations are sometimes relatively acceptable, but remain island violations nonetheless. (Almeida 2014, Kush et al. 2015, Sprouse et al. 2014, Goodall 2015)
- Predicts comparable results for cases where adjunct island violations are relatively acceptable in English (Truswell 2007, Michel & Goodall 2012):
 - **3a** The man that I went to England [after Mary spoke to e]. **3b** The man that I went to England [after speaking to e].
- Despite the amelioration seen in (3b), we would expect an island violation to still be detectable.

REMAINING QUESTIONS

- Exactly what causes the relative acceptability of adjunct island violations in Malayalam?
- Language contact effects: Might more contact with English increase the island effect?

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